The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C. MONDAY, MAY 4, 1868. NO. 228.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

THE BEAST SKINNED.

On Wednesday, Mr. Evarts, to the great delight of his audience, thus excoriated Mr. Manager Butler:

"Now, it has usually been supposed that on an actual trial, involving serious consequences, forensic discussion was the true method of dealing with the subject; and we lawyers appearing for the President being, as Mr. Manager Butler has been polite enough to say, 'attorneys whose practice in the law has sharpened but not enlarged their intellect,' have confined ourselves to this method of forensic discussion. But we have learned here that there is another method of forensic controversy, which may be called the method of concussion. Now, I understand the method of concussion to be to make a demonstration in the vicinity of the object of attack, whereas the method of discussion is to penetrate the position, and, if successful, capture it. The Chinese method of warfare is the method of concussion, and consists of a great braying of trumpets, sounding of gongs, and shouts and sticks in the neighborhood of the opposing force. When all this rolls away, and the air is freer, the effect is to be watched for. But it has been reserved to us, in our modern warfare as illustrated here in the rebellion, to present a more singular and notable instance of the method of warfare by concussion than ever has been known before. A fort, impregnable by the methods of discussion (that is, penetrating and capturing it,) has been, on a large scale, attempted to be captured by the method of concussion, and some hundreds of tons of gunpowder, placed in a vessel near the walls of the fort, has been made the means to the concussion of this vast experiment. Unsatisfied with that trial and its results, the honorable Manager who opened this case seems to have repeated the experiment in the vicinity of the Senate. [Laughter.]—While the air was filled with epithets, the dome shook with invective—wretchedness, misery, suffering, and blood were made the means of this explosive mixture—and here we are, surviving the concussion, and, after all, reduced to the humble and homely method of discussion which belongs to 'attorneys whose intellects have been sharpened but not enlarged by the practice of law.'" [General and continuous laughter.]

ANOTHER MANAGER BROUGHT INTO RIDICULE.

Mr. Boutwell having said in his speech that there were in the Southern heavens a spot across which no planet or body of any sort moved, and that the earth ought to upheave itself and send him to this desolate region for punishment, Mr. Evarts thus takes down the other Massachusetts fledgling:

"I may, as conveniently at this point as afterwards, pay some attention to the astronomical punishment which the learned and honorable Manager (Mr. Boutwell) thinks should be applied to this novel case of impeachment. Cicero I think it is who says that a lawyer should know everything, for, sooner or later, there is no fact in history, in science, or in human knowledge, that will not come into play in his argument. Profoundly sensible of my ignorance, being devoted to a profession which sharpens and does not enlarge the mind, I can admire without envying the superior knowledge evinced by the honorable Manager. * * But, nevertheless, while some of his colleagues were paying attention to an unoccupied and unappropriated island on the surface of the seas, Mr. Manager Boutwell, more ambitious, had discovered an untenanted and unappropriated region in the skies (laughter,) reserved, he would have us think, in the final councils of the Almighty, as a place of punishment for convicted and deposed American Presidents. (Laughter.) Now, at first I thought that his mind had become so enlarged that it was not sharp enough to observe that the Constitution had limited the punishment (laughter); but, on reflection, I saw that he was as legal and logical as he was ambitious and astronomical; for the Constitution had said 'removal from office,' and has put no limit to the distance of removal. (Great laughter.) So, without shedding a drop of his blood, or taking a penny of his property, or ironing his limbs, he is sentenced to removal from office and transportation to the skies. (Laughter.) This is the great undertaking; and if the learned Manager can only get over the obstacles of the laws of nature, the Constitution won't stand in his way.—(Laughter.) I can think of no method but that of a convulsion of the earth that should project the deposed President to this infinitely distant space; but a shock of nature of so vast an energy and so great a result might unsettle even the so firm members of Congress. (Laughter.) * * * How shall we accomplish it? Why, in the first place, nobody knows where that space is but the learned Manager himself (laughter,) and he is the necessary deputy to execute the judgment of the court. Let it, then, be provided that in case of your sentence of deposition and removal from office, the honorable the astronomical Manager shall take into his own hands the execution of the sentence. With the President made fast to his broad and strong shoulders, and having already essayed the flight by imagination, better prepared to execute it in form—taking advantage of ladders, as far as ladders would go, to the top of this high capitol, and sparing them with his feet the Goddess of Liberty, let him set out upon his flight (laughter), while the Houses of Congress and 'all the people of the United States' shall shout: '*Sic itur ad astra!*' (Laughter, loud and long continued.) Here an oppressive doubt strikes me. How will the Manager get back? How, when he gets beyond the power of gravitation to restore him, will he get back? And so ambitious a wing as his could never stoop to a downward flight! No doubt, as he passes through the expanse, that famous question of Carlyle, by which he points out the littleness of human affairs, 'What thinks Bootes of them, as he leads his hunting-dogs over the zenith in their leash of sidereal fire?' will occur to the Managers. What, indeed, would Bootes think of this new constellation (laughter) looming through space, beyond the power of Congress to 'send for persons and papers?' (Laughter.) Who shall return, and how decide in the contest there begun, in this new revolution thus established? Who shall decide which is the sun and which is the moon? Who shall determine—the only scientific test—which reflects the hardest upon the other?"—(Laughter.)

"Mac" thus sketches the progress of the impeachment trial with a free hand:

"While the long winded debates are in progress Fessenden whittles the end of his pen-stick, Grimes slowly rubs his chin, Ross and Norton snow up the floor around them with bits of torn paper, Conkling strokes approvingly the peninsula of light curly hair which stretches down the centre of his forehead; Trumbull is always in his seat, his desk covered with law books, and he gives the case noticeable attention.—Notwithstanding his constant writing, Sumner is attentive to the trial, and always informed of each aspect of the case as it comes up. Yates, who sits beside Sumner, keeps his desk unencumbered generally as well as his chair. When he is in the chamber, Saulsbury acts like a Polar bear in a menagerie, except a Polar bear doesn't chew quite so much tobacco, nor spit on the fine carpets. He is the most uneasy of the Senators. He marches up and down, up and down, turning quickly and walking rapidly for an hour at a time. No Senator on the floor takes a greater interest in the trial than Reverdy Johnson, or pays it more steady attention. He chews his lips, and when his hands are not nervously picking at his pantaloons or rubbing them, his mouth is never still. He leans back in his chair and is, or looks to be, supremely happy.—Chase is still fine looking, the most imposing personage in the chamber. Some blockhead doctor, on account of some throat affection, last fall advised the Chief Justice to allow his beard to grow under his chin, and a thick clump of white hair in that region is the result. The friends of the Chief Justice have been looking for that doctor ever since. If he is found you will hear of another impeachment trial.—Whiskers helped Lincoln's appearance, but they spoil, as much as such trifles can, the face of Mr. Chase."

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS

1868. SPRING STOCK. 1868.

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,

AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES,

direct from the Manufacturers which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WITCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Staples, Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

DRUGS.

JORDAN & CARR,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

(Successors to Geo. B. Jones & Co.)

Sycamore, Corner Washington Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

INVITE the Merchants, Physicians and Planters of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee to examine their extensive stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Brushes, Combs, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Soaps, &c., &c., &c., &c.

WALTER B. JORDAN. JOSEPH CARR.
April 17—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEDICAL SOCIETY OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE Fifteenth Annual meeting of the Medical Society of North Carolina will take place in Warrenton, N. C., on Wednesday, the 20th day of May, 1868.

Delegates will be permitted to pass over the Railroads for one fare.

Dr. Wm. A. B. Norcom, of Edenton, will deliver the Annual Oration.

By order of the President.

THOMAS F. WOOD, Secretary.
April 17-tm

THE Prices of our Shoes will give satisfaction.

Apr. 16. G T & W C STRONACH.

Flour! Flour!

75 SACKS N. C. FLOUR, 50 bbls. N. C. and Patapsco Family Flour. For sale by

April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

3.000 LBS. RIB SIDES, At

April 21-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

SPRING TRADE.

1868. 1868.

12 KEGS ten penny nails and other sizes. Blasting and Rifle Powder. Shot and Bar Lead. Best Kerosene Oil, by the barrel or retail.

J. BROWN,

Raleigh, Apr 20-tf With Hart & Lewis.

BUCK EYE SULKY PLOW, REAPER AND MOWER!

On exhibition at the Farmer's Hall, the Buck Eye Sulky Plow, to which the attention of our farmers is respectfully called.

I am also special Agent for the sale of the celebrated Buck Eye Reaper and Mower, at Manufacturer's prices, with freight added.

The sooner we commence using these immense labor saving machines, the better for all concerned. JAMES M. TOWLES,

Apr. 15-tf. Agent.

The Last of the Season.

20 BARRELS POTATOES

JACKSON WHITES!

DYKEMANS!

MERCERS!

EARLY GOODRICH!

For sale by

April 24-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

UNION COTTON MILLS FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

The Union Manufacturing Company will expose to public sale on Tuesday the 21st of May, 1868, their

VALUABLE COTTON MILLS,

situated on Deep River, in the County of Randolph, 10 miles North of Asheboro, and 16 miles South-east of High Point. The factory building is a large brick edifice, containing eight spinning frames with the necessary machinery, and twenty-one looms. There is connected with the premises a

FIRST CLASS FLOURING MILL,
WOOL-CARDING MACHINES,
OIL MILL AND COTTON GIN,

Together with THIRTEEN GOOD BUILDINGS for the accomodation of operatives, and a good STORE HOUSE, with basement.

JESSE WALKER, Agent
April 11-td New Market, N. C.

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 2 lb., Cans (1qt.) $4.50 per doz.
15 " 5 lb., " (2qts) 9.00 " "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.

Apply to

Feb 19-164-tf E. H. POGUE, Hillsboro, N. C.

BOOK STORES.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the SECOND EDITION of the above Almanac.

We have reduced the price to 25 per hundred, or $50 per thousand.

Send your orders to

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH, Booksellers and Stationers.
Raleigh, Oct. 24—67-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this Intitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

C. W. D. BUTCHINGS & BRO.

MANUFACTURERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES

and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 7-154-tf

WILLIAM W. JONES,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HENDERSON, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE in the Counties of Granville, Franklin and Warren, and in the Federal Courts at Raleigh, N. C. Special attention given to matters in Bankruptcy.

Prompt personal attention given to collecting and securing claims in all parts of the State.

March 31—3m.

Hay! Hay! Hay!

100 BALES PRIME HAY. For sale by

April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

FOR SALE.

THREE handsome residences, and well improved lots, in the city.

W. H. JONES & CO.
Apr. 15-6t. Auction & Com Merchants.

FAMILY GROCERIES.

"A" Coffee Sugar, Cut Loaf Sugar,
Old Java Coffee Laguira Coffee, Rio Coffee,
Black Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs,
Ground Cinnamon.

J. BROWN.
Raleigh, April 11-tf With Hart & Lewis

Molasses, Molasses!

50 HHDS. NEW CROP CARDENAS MOLASSES, arriving and to arrive at

April 10-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CANNED OYSTERS! At

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

For Sale.

PICKLED BEEF by the Barrel

W. H. JONES & CO.
March 16—tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF FANCY GOODS At

TONNOFFSKI'S.

PRUNES.

5 dozen Jars, very superior.

Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

SPUN COTTON.

300 Punches Cotton Yarns just received

Mar 28 -tf W. H. JONES & CO.

ORANGES AND LEMONS. At

TONNOFFSKI'S.

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!

A lot of New Eastern Herrings, just received at

April 23-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CORN, CORN, CORN.

A large supply on hand and arriving.

W. H. JONES & CO.
April 27-tf Com. Merchants.

PICKLED BEEF.

10 Bbls for sale, cheap.

W. H. JONES & Co.
Apr 27-tf Com. Merchants.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

50 Bags prime Rio Coffee at

Apr 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

The Bankrupt Act.

We have been requested to publish the Bankrupt Law. This is impossible. It makes a volume of sixty pages. In order, however, that our readers may understand it, and may therefore not be misled or imposed upon by parties, who are indifferent to the interests or others, we have taken some pains to compile from several sources the governing general principles of the Act, for the benefit of all who contemplate seeking its benefits. But first of all, we advise our friends not to determine hastily what they will do, until they have had the counsel of a respectable and intelligent Attorney, upon whom they can rely.

1. The amended Bankrupt Law is to relieve honest, but unfortunate debtors, whose just liabilities are greater than they can pay.

2. To become a voluntary bankrupt under this Act, the debtor must owe at least $300, which, of course, he is not able to pay in full.

3. Petitioners under the Bankrupt Act are required to render a schedule of all their debts and liabilities, of every kind and description whatever, and also a true copy of all their estate, both real and personal, according to all property, and effects of which they are possessed, to the Messenger they may have an interest, (though not in possession) in conformity with certain "Rules prescribed in the General Orders" of the Supreme Court of the United States. These schedules, verified by the oath of the petitioner before a District Court Judge, Register in Bankruptcy, or U. S. Commissioner, must accompany the petition, and, when filed, is the commencement of proceedings in bankruptcy. If it should be found out, pending the proceedings at any time before the bankrupt is discharged, that he has, by any shift or subterfuge, made a false or partial schedule, then he loses all evidence of fraud and would be in his power.

4. Where the petition is by a firm or copartnership, a full set of schedules of the respective estates of the members of the firm should also be added.

5. When the petition is filed, the case is immediately referred to a register, who examines the petition and schedules annexed thereto, and if they are correct in form, makes a certificate to that effect, to be filed with the Clerk, which adjudges the debtor a bankrupt and issues a warrant to the Messenger to summon all the creditors named in the petitioner's schedules to meet at the Register's office, at a certain time and place, to prove their claims and elect one or more Assignees to take charge of the Bankrupt's estate.

6. A creditor can, however, prove his claim at any time previous to the last dividend, which will generally be six months subsequent to the adjudication of Bankruptcy.

7. No creditor has any standing in a Bankrupt Court until he proves his claim.

8. Creditors have no right to compel the Bankrupt to answer questions concerning the disposal of property by him acquired subsequent to filing a petition in Bankruptcy. In other words, the date of the filing of the petition by or against a debtor, is the date at which, if adjudication of bankruptcy follows, the old order of things passes away and a new is ushered over. On this point opinions have been various. The safe rule appears to be, that the applicant in bankruptcy has a perfect right to claim whatever he has made after his application, by his personal exertions, but any profits he may have made from investment or credit, may be liable to the claim of the receiver up to almost the period of his discharge.

9. The Bankrupt can apply to the Court at any time after the expiration of six months, and within one year from adjudication, for the discharge in bankruptcy, and in case no assets come into the hands of the assignee, or no debts be proved against his estate, at any time after the expiration of sixty days.

10. As soon as an Assignee is elected or appointed, the Judge or Register will convey to him, by deed of assignment, all the bankrupt's property except what is exempted, viz: Household and kitchen furniture and other necessaries not exceeding in value $500; five hundred dollars' worth of wearing apparel and that of his wife and children, and such other property not included in the foregoing as is exempt from levy and sale upon execution or other process by the laws of the State in which the bankrupt resides, to an amount not exceeding that allowed by State exemption laws in force in 1864. A debt "commercial or trading," under this head, is the common impression that persons may become bankrupts and yet be allowed to retain their houses and lands or other property of considerable value, to a great mistake. Under the Act, no honest Bankrupt in this State can have allotted to him, free from the operation of the Act, exceeding $500 to secure the wearing apparel of himself and family. Bankrupts in this State are not entitled to homesteads under this Act.

11. It is the duty of the assignee, within twenty days after his assignment to cause to be sold, at public auction or private sale, as are expedient, and file an inventory of the same with the value of each article so allotted, and creditors may make objections to the report of the Assignee at any time within twenty days after it is filed.

12. As to costs in bankruptcy proceedings, section 10 of the Bankrupt Act provides that the petitioner, to have a warrant issued, shall deposit fifty dollars with the Register, or with the Clerk, to be delivered to the Register as a security for his fees. General order XXIX provides that the fees of the Register, Marshal and Clerk shall be prepaid or secured before they can be compelled to act. It is also provided by General Order XXX that where the debtor has no means, and can prove the fact to the satisfaction of the Court, upon application, an order will be made requiring all the costs in the case to be paid out of the fifty dollars deposited with the Register. If however, there are assets, but not enough to pay the Messenger after deducting the Bankrupt's exempted property, so that nothing comes into the hands of the Assignee, the fees will have to be paid by the bankrupt; but if the Assignee receives assets, the fees of the Messenger will be paid by him before any dividend is made among creditors.

13. Some suppose that the Register is entitled to $30 fee. The fees of the Register, Messenger, Clerk, and costs of publication of notices in Bankruptcy, are fixed by law, and if they demand higher fees, they are liable, as in other cases of malfeasance in office. In ordinary cases of Bankruptcy, the fees may amount to $100. In some cases more, in some less—the costs depending on the amount of labor and litigation involved in each case.

14. Differences of opinion among Attorneys have existed in this State, as to the limit which the Act makes as to the time to make application of discharge. It was supposed that no decision would be rendered on any application for Bankruptcy after some early day in March, unless he is able to pay fifty per cent. of his debts. We are assured that this is not the case. The law did not go into operation for the purposes for which it was enacted until June 1st, 1867. It gives twelve months from that time, to all honest debtors, whatever may be the extent of their indebtedness which they cannot pay in which to present their applications. After the 1st of June next, every debtor must be able to pay fifty per cent of his indebtedness in order to a successful application to bankruptcy, unless he first obtain the consent of a majority of his creditors.

Georgia Cotton Planters.

A NEW SUPPLY of Johnson's improved patented GEORGIA PLANTERS, Send in your orders at once to facilitate your planting and secure a good stand. JAS. M. TOWLES,

April 29-tf Agent.

Flour! Flour!

EXTRA SUPERFINE AND FAMILY, in store, and sold at reduced prices.

JAS. M. TOWLES,
April 29-1w Com. Merchant and Auc'r.

MARYLAND HAMS.

1,000 pounds of Maryland Hams, for sale cheap by

May 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.

April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

50 BOX CANS FRESH PEACHES.

April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BBLS. PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.

April 30-tf W ROBT ANDREWS.

For Rent.

ELEGANT BASEMENT ROOM, for business purposes, under the Raleigh National Bank. Also a first class BUILDING, adjoining, suitable for a Banking, Insurance or Law Office. Proposals invited for a few days at the Bank.

May 1-tf

FRESH CANNED TOMATOES, at 35c., Preserved Ginger, Spices of all kinds, at

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

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LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't LEXINGTON, N. C.

Jan 28-146-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, among many hundreds of our best citizens, testify to its wonderful efficacy.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
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A. W. KING M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, Md.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

For Sale WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address,

DR. J. J. Lawrence,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-148-1y

FOR SALE.

Thirty-two inch Smith's Bellows.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Mar 24-tf With Hart & Lewis.

FOR SALE

Five good Mules, four Wagons and a lot of Harness. Apply to

Mar 30—tf BRIGGS, DODD & CO.

JELLIES, JELLIES. At

TONNOFFSKI'S.

CATSUPS AND SAUCES. At

TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Pickles at

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S

10 CASES CANNED GOODS. At

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

SALT! SALT!

1 9 Sacks Salt at

apr 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CRANBERRIES.

Very cheap

Apr. 15-tf. JAMES M. TOWLES.

DRY GOODS.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS.

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our Friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN

from 15 PRINTS at 12½ to 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS &c.

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK.

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER,
RIEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,

New York.

Sept 23—45-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WESTBROOK & CO.

PROPRIETORS OF THE

WESTBROOK NURSERIES,

GREENSBORO,' N. C.

KEEP constantly on hand, during the planting season, a splendid lot of

CHOICE FRIUT TREES AND GRAPE VINES

which they offer very low, for cash, or good produce.

NURSERY STORE, on Washington Street, where patrons will receive prompt attention, until the 1st. of April.

Send stamp for Catalogue, and Wholesale Price List of Grape Vines.

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WESTBROOK & CO.
Box 66, Greensboro, N. C,

Jan 27-143-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES,
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders

BRANSON & JONES,
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1868. 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed.

The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed. I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at least 100 cords, Rags, Brasses, old Copper and Brass and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your northern Bill. I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Cooking Stoves, Jones's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

Sugars, Sugars.

A LOT OF REFINED SUGARS, in barrels. Just received by

April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER, General Agent, Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL. THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—72-1

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A LARGE supply, in large and small bladders. Also, in paper and bottles, at manufacturer's prices.

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April 23-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

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Jan 25-142-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

COX'S GELATINE. At

TONNOFFSKI'S.

FISH HOOKS AND LINES.

A large assortment just received at

April 23-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS,

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (Have come to an end.)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, will be LEFT OUT IN THE COLD for nothing. ALL SHIPPERS SPECIALLY

ARE INVITED to send their freight over the Great Air Line Route to all the Northern Markets, and have engaged to conduct the business to the entire satisfaction of Shippers. Goods sent South, for the last ten years, at the old prices. Shippers in North and South Carolina will notice We pay the State one Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road thereby forcing the people from Taxation for all time to come, 60c per year, and we solemnly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other line.

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Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Pier, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 197 Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. Mccready, President.

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Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, E. E. Pryce, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 201 Light street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
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Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh N. C.

SUPT. OFFICE, N. C. RAILROAD CO., COMPANY SHOPS, N. C., April 1, 1868.

On and after this date the following will be the Schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily		12.53 P. M.
" Salisbury		3.07 A. M.
" Greensboro'		5.20 "
" Raleigh		9.41 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'		12.25 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'		12.30 P. M.
" Raleigh		3.23 P. M.
" Greensboro'		7.17 P. M.
" Salisbury		9.30 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte		11.50 P. M.

Through passengers by this line have choice of routes via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or via Raleigh and Weldon to Richmond or Portsmouth, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' with Passenger trains on W. & W. Road to and from Wilmington, and to Weldon by freight trains. Also to Newbern on A. & N. C. Road.

Freight trains will leave Charlotte at 2 A. M., and arrive at 6.30 P. M.

April 4-tf JAMES ANDERSON, Supt.

MISCELLANEOUS

HENRY GWYNN, [U. S. ENGINEER,] WALTER GWYNN, of Baltimore. [Late of U. S. C.] Late of N. Orleans.

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AND

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105 West Lombard Street,

BALTIMORE.

☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments. Orders for GENERAL MERCHANDIZE solicited. Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn and Rob. Pate, Raleigh, N. C.

Sept 30—45-ca116-1y&3m

ON HAND.

Glass Goblets, Tumblers and Wine Glasses.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Mar 19—tf With Hart & Lewis.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF MARYLAND HAMS. At

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

For Sale

DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO in 1 lb. Bags.

W. H. JONES & CO.
Mar 16—tf Auction & Com Merchants.

STAVES WANTED.

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET prices on arrival,

750,000 Red Oak Hhd staves,
300,000 White Oak Hhd " Heading, Norfolk
100,000 White Oak " Heading, Inspection,
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,
50,000 White Oak Hhd "

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next.

Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to

CHARLES REID & SON,
Norfolk, Va.

TOBACCO AGENCY.

We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.

Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled. Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.

COWAND & HARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
April 21-3m Norfolk, Va.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,

Grocers and Commission Merchants,

Market Square, Raleigh, N. C.

Orders for Cotton promptly filled. Refer to Jno. G. Williams & Co., and Cashier National Bank, Raleigh, N. C.

April 16—tf.

For Sale.

FIGS, Nutmegs, Ground Black Pepper, and the best Mustard.

W. H. JONES & CO.
March 16—tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

CANDIES! CANDIES! At

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

HAMS.

Virginia and N. C. Hams, very choice.

W. H. JONES & CO.
April 27-tf Com. Merchants.

WALTER CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Jan 29-148-6m

APPLES.—A few bbls N. C. Apples

W. H. JONES & CO.
Mar 25—tf

IRISH POTATOES.

Another lot of N. C. Potatoes, very fine.

W. H. JONES & CO.
Mar 25—tf

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" " six months.....2.00
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" " six months.....1.00

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM B. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

MONDAY, MAY 4, 1868

CANVASS IN VIRGINIA.

The Conservatives and Democrats of Virginia are determined to defeat the new Constitution, offered to them by the Mongrel Convention of that State.—Its shameless disfranchising clauses will possibly make it more offensive, at least in that respect, than ours. Besides this, our friends in Virginia have had more time to organize than we had, and will have the advantage of the canvass in other States.

There are two or three things, against which we would warn them. They must not rely too much upon speech making, and the *eclat* with which the appeals of their able speakers will be received. Never, since North Carolina had an existence, was there a more able, earnest and powerful canvass, than the one through which we have just passed. The canvassers and speech-makers of the Radicals, throughout the State, were very ordinary. All over the State their mass meetings and speeches were poorly attended, especially by white persons. On the other hand, among the Conservatives, the first men of the State, and the ablest in every County, addressed large crowds of anxious listeners, at every point. More effective, able speaking we have never had, and the enthusiasm excited by these efforts exceeded any thing before known. Large numbers, both whites and blacks, flocked to hear them, until the blacks were admonished, through the Leagues, to stay away. This led to the universal conviction that we should carry the State overwhelmingly. But amid the crowds were a number of quiet, still men, who listened attentively, but were uninfluenced, because they were too timid to resist the threats of confiscation, &c., unless the State "went back." The only possible chance of moving this class of persons was by private counsel and instruction.

It is plain, therefore, that organization and steady work, up to the day of election, and activity at the polls, were essential to success. Nor do we believe that all effort to instruct and control the colored vote, either in North Carolina or Virginia, is unavailing. Quite a number of colored men in the State were convinced that it was their true interest to vote with the Conservatives, with men they had known long and well, in preference to being led by strangers and scallawags. The great objects, therefore, to be secured in Virginia, we tell our friends, are compact organization, and hard persistent work until the election is over.

MATTERS AT WASHINGTON.

A correspondent of the Baltimore *Leader*, writing from Washington, gives the following as the present programme of the Southern "loyalists." Many of these factionists were responsible for the bloody civil war which has ruined the country, and their thirst for blood is not satiated:

"The men now here, and to whom I have referred as the assumed representatives of the Southern people, demand, in the first place, the conviction of the President.—With Wade in the executive chair, they contend they could probably carry, at the point of the bayonet of Grant's soldiers, every State at the South. But, secondly, they demand an *earnest*, through immediate Congressional legislation, of the purpose of the central government in reference to homesteads for the blacks. The itinerant rascals, who have been for the past three years exciting the hopes of the negroes, have at length created a cupidity among them that *must be satisfied*, and that speedily. Confiscation of the domain of the South, and its divisibility into eighty acre farms, under the guardianship of Congress, is therefore a necessity as pressing as the deposition of the President. Thirdly, the Pierpoints, the Holdens, the Browns, the Reagans, the Longstreets, *et id genus omne*, suggest as an indispensable pre-requisite to complete pacification, the instant adoption by Congress of the infamous Constitutions framed by the negroes under the inspiration of the carpet-bag thieves of the North, with the addition of provisions disfranchising totally the native white Southern voters."

A FAITHFUL PICTURE.—The Hon. Robt. Ridgway, of Virginia, has written an eloquent letter to a Committee of citizens of Lynchburg, who invited him to address them. Among other things, he says:

"Look, also, at the character of the white Radical leaders at the South who have banded the negroes together in secret, oath bound, league organizations; who have, without provocation or decent pretext, arrayed them in hostility to their former masters, and who, in fact, own them body and soul, and control their every thought, sentiment and motion. The Radical party, South of the Potomac—the white portion of it, at least—is infinitely meaner, more unprincipled, vindictive and brutal than the same party at the North. There, its leaders, at least, are men of talent and of social influence, and personal respectability.—Here, on the contrary, they are the very scum and dregs of society. There, the hateful and dangerous element of race antagonism is absent; here, it is the prevailing and dominant influence. A few mean, selfish, unscrupulous white men, having separated themselves from their race, and placed themselves at the head of the blacks, brandish their weapons and urge them on to a crusade against the white race, just as we have recently seen a few white men of the same class leading the savage Indians against the whites, and encouraging them in their brutal excesses."

THE RIGHT COURSE.—Gen. Meade seems determined that there shall be no cheating in Georgia. He has issued an order convening a Board of Officers at Atlanta, to count the returns of the election. They are empowered to examine into the conduct of the election, abuses, frauds, &c., and report the facts to the General Commanding. The Board has power to send for persons and papers, and all authority necessary to make a full investigation.

NORTH CAROLINA MATTERS.

The noble little county of Onslow gives 328 majority against the infamous Constitution. All the Conservative candidates are elected. Upon the affidavit of a bad negro, a company of soldiers were sent to Stump Sound to arrest Messrs. James Spicer and Hill King for alleged threats against the negroes. Upon examination the gentlemen were promptly discharged. The lying negro was permitted to go unpunished.

The Warrenton *Indicator* says that one of the "culled" poll holders in Northampton carried home with him, every night, the ballot-boxes. How many votes did he stuff in? Verily, he was a *keeper* of the polls.

A correspondent, writing us from Pittsboro', says that the most outrageous and glaring frauds were perpetrated in Chatham. He adds:

"At this precinct, one Stahl presided, and carried away at night the ballot box, and, perhaps, stole as many tickets as he wished. This is *certainly true*, for the clerks together received 556 votes, when only 550 men voted. The candidate for Treasurer received only three more votes than the regular ticket, and we can *prove* that 100 negroes voted for him, who voted the Radical ticket with his name upon it; and every one, Conservatives and Radicals, said and believed we were in the majority, but through the shrewd manipulations of Stahl, (a blacksmith from Massachusetts,) when the votes were counted, we were defeated by 94! At Bear Creek, where Ball, Jim Jones' Assistant Door keeper, took matters in hand, it was even worse, for all believed we had a *majority* of nearly 200, but he only allowed us 186 *votes*. This can readily be accounted for, as he was assisted, as if he needed assistance, by a certain Rives, who, a few years ago, was run out of the county by the Sheriff for *stealing wheat*. These things can be proved, but I suppose it is the same case every where, the election being a complete farce. We will try again in November."

"P. S. Negroes were allowed to register the night before the election at the house of a "Leaguer," whereas several whites, not knowing the *secret*, were unable to do so, and, further still, when the votes were being counted here, one or two white gentlemen asked permission to be present, but were *refused*, and they *then admitted* a *negro President* of a *League!*

There was not a white man in a mile of the town, who voted the Radical ticket, and over fifty negroes voted Conservative. Can you beat that?"

We learn that, on Monday last, Dr. Jno. McDonald, of Washington, N. C., passed through Tarboro' under arrest,—deprived of his liberty, and forced to leave his home and family, *for daring to abuse an Agent of the Freedman's Bureau*. The Tarboro' *Southerner* gives these particulars:

"It seems that Dr. M. had in his employ a small negro girl, whom her mother had given him express permission to chastise, if at any time she should need correction.

A few days since he whipped her and was immediately ordered before the Bureau to answer the charge.

Irritated by this ridiculous interference in the affairs of his family, the Dr. gave the Agent a piece of his mind, and for this alone he is dragged from his home and compelled to appear before the military authorities upon a charge so puerile as properly chastising a little negro girl in his employment."

The Henderson *Index* publishes a list of the colored men in that town, who had the moral courage to brave the infuriated clamor of their color and vote the Conservative ticket. We should be glad to publish a similar list for this city. The same paper states that, the morning after the election, the members of the School Committee of the negro school, at Henderson, held a meeting and expelled from its membership Ed. Merrymon, fo. voting the Conservative ticket. It adds:

"We have heard of threats being made by the negroes to make the Conservative negroes suffer yet. We heard a negro tell Junius Garland, that, in less than five months, he and *every other man* who voted the Conservative ticket would have full cause to regret it, inasmuch as they would be punished severely for it."

Such threats, we learn, are common in this county. One does not have to walk far upon our streets, any day, without hearing menacing insinuations from negroes.—And we learn that a negro near Dunnsville has been heard to express a readiness for a war of races and to threaten extermination (the silly fool!) to Conservatives. These things are the legitimate results of Radical teaching, and the white wretches, who have instilled this poison into the minds of the negroes, deserve the severest execration and punishment. They will yet rue their course in sackcloth and ashes.

SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT—THE SOLICITOR.—We learn that, owing to the fact that the Radical tickets, having Col. Cantwell's name on them, failed to reach the lower counties of this Judicial District in time, Gen. W. R. Cox, the Conservative candidate, received large majorities in Northampton and Halifax, and is elected Solicitor of this District by a majority of 22 votes. The Henderson *Index* thus *condoles* with Cantwell:

ALAS POOR YORICK.—Col. Edward Cantwell, of Oxford, who prepared, with one mighty effort, a three column article, exhibiting thorough conversion to radicalism and negroism, (and all other isms necessary for Col. Cantwell;) and for which his name was permitted to grace the highly *colored* ticket gotten out by *Gov.* (Heaven pity us!) Holden, has come out nothing in the world but Col. Cantwell, still. In Northampton, he received 63 votes to Cox's 2,600. In Halifax, Cox's majority is about 1,600. It matters not if he gets the majority of the other counties, it will be of no avail.

The truth of the whole matter is, that Col. Cantwell can do less in a greater amount of time—can talk more and say less, —(as his three hours' speech and three column letter will prove,)—than any one we know of. He ought to have recollected that that is a party of "progress," and if he wishes to keep up, he must "come to his point" sooner.

Gen. Cox is not ineligible, even under the Howard Amendment, and we are gratified to record his election.

LARGE numbers of persons from the Northern and Southern States, and some of the best people in both sections, are purchasing lands in the Valley of Virginia. We observe that Mr. Williams, of Florida, formerly of this city, has purchased the Opie farm, near Staunton, containing a fine residence and 125 acres, for $13,000.

For the Sentinel.

SOME OF THE DAVISES.

BEAUFORT, N. C., April 30, 1868.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The smoke of battle having cleared away, I propose to give you a few thoughts on the late election in this county. If Carteret is not the banner county in the number of votes cast against the Constitution, I think her claims to that honor, in reference to the number of *Davises* on each county ticket, will not be called into question. As it may be a matter of some interest to people abroad to know which of the *Davises* are white, I propose to classify them.

J. Henry Davis, jr., defeated *Abraham the Third*, commonly known as *Abraham Congleton*, for the House of Representatives.

James Romley, Esq., the gentlemen, scholar and philanthropist, defeated *Dr. Josiah B. Davis*, for Superior Court Clerk. Dr. Davis is a good, quiet citizen, and it is strange that the allurements of office should have caused him to desert his own race and color.

John D. Davis defeated C. F. Dellamar for Sheriff. The same remarks apply to Mr. Dellamar that we used in reference to Dr. Davis. He got into bad company for the sake of getting office.

Joel H. Davis, Sr., defeated *Alexander C. Davis* for County Treasurer. Politically, perhaps, *A. C. Davis* is the *scallest wag* of the *scalawag* tribe. He is the same *Davis* who, as Inspector of the election last fall, opened the ballots of certain gentlemen as they were handed to him, and called out their votes.

John Jeffers, Esq., defeated *Melvin J. Davis*, (of Howard Amendment fame,) for County Surveyor.

I believe this about ends the chapter, though we have any quantity of Davises left in the county. Now let us sum up the *Davises elect*—all on the Conservative ticket: J. Henry Davis, jr., John D. Davis, Joel H. Davis, sr.

The *Davises* on the Radical ticket, not *elect*, were Dr. Josiah B. Davis, Alexander C. Davis, Melvin J. Davis.

I would not have the outside world come to the conclusion that the Davis family have monopolized the county—far from it. We have some *Bells*, a few *Willises*, a sprinkling of *Longests*, with now and then a *Chadwick*, and the usual complement of *Smiths, Joneses, &c., &c.*

For campaigning purposes, this county is unfortunately situated. It is nearly one hundred miles long, and cut up by rivers, bays, creeks and sounds. It is very difficult to get any great number of the people together, at any one place, and it is equally difficult for any one to reach the people with any certainty; for so much depends upon wind and tide, that if a candidate makes an appointment, he is uncertain as to whether or not he will be able to fill it. If ordinary facilities for campaigning had been enjoyed in this county we should have defeated the Radicals by a much increased majority. All things considered, I think you will conclude with me, that old Carteret has done nobly, but still, she might have done better, had not some of her degenerate sons gone over to the enemy for the sake of the spoils.

SCRIBE.

P. S.—As an appendix to the above, you will please publish, for general information, the Radical ticket for county Commissioners for the county:

Wm. B. Duncan, Railroad Agent at Morehead city.

John C. Marion, once a ranting secesh; went into the army at an early stage of the war, being influenced, no doubt, by brass buttons, red-sash, and other *Jayhawkers* about a Confederate uniform. The smell of gunpowder was a stench in his nostrils.

William J. Doughty, once in Confederate service, but not much honor to it. He left his native county for his native county's good.

Michael F. Arendell, former State Senator, Surgeon in Confederate service, &c., &c.—The Doctor is generally known in the State, and I must do him the justice to say, that I am satisfied his Radicalism is of a *mild type*, and that I do not believe he is an enemy to his race; or ashamed of his color.

Poindexter D. Murphy, a good quiet citizen, so far as I know. Simply Radical for the want of better ——information. S.

IMMIGRATION.

The Statesville *American* has the following notice of Mr. Zimmer, and his plans of immigration. Mr. Z. is an earnest, enterprising man:

"MR. LOUIS ZIMMER AND FOREIGN EMIGRATION.—We had the pleasure of a call from Mr. Louis Zimmer, of Greensboro, N. C., last week. Mr. Zimmer is the General Southern Agent for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and other roads in the West, for the sale of *through tickets* to any part of the West, at greatly reduced rates. We would advise any person contemplating a Western trip, to call on Mr. Zimmer or one of his sub-Agents to be found at Statesville and along the line of the Western N. C Railroad and procure of them a ticket—The saving will be large.

Mr. Zimmer is a German by birth, but a true citizen of the South by adoption, and has identified himself with North Carolina by marrying a lady of Greensboro, where he is permanently located.

Mr. Zimmer has a plan for inducing German emigrants to settle in this State, which, if he can receive co-operation from the people or State government, one or both, cannot fail of success, and in a short while thereafter, the vacant farms in the State would be filled by the best of German farmers, from Prussia and other German States. To start this immigration inducements must be offered, and an agent sent to Germany to forward the object, and report the opening there is in the State for farm labor, productions, climate, &c. One colony brought over and located, others will soon follow, and then the tide will begin to flow. For this purpose, a body of land should be secured; say one to five thousand acres, and divided into small farms of 50 acres each; give to each settler 10 acres, and sell 40 at a reasonable price on time. Let the first settlers be brought over free of charge, and landed at Norfolk, and a like free passage to North Carolina, and receive all other reasonable assistance. The Agent sent to Germany should be supplied with sufficient funds, to fully operate and successfully accomplish his mission—say $10,000. For this purpose, Mr. Zimmer would be the best man that could be sent."

A HEAVY "SELL."—Some of the boys at Goldsboro' made Gen. Brogden the victim of a mammoth "sell," a few days after the election. They informed the colored voters that Holden had sent eight hundred pairs of shoes to Gen. Brogden, to be distributed gratis among the newly enfranchised as a reward for their fealty to Radical principles. The result was that the old General's store was soon filled with the eager and expectant freedmen, each one fully impressed with the generosity of the great head-centre of the Union League. When they asked for the shoes, the ex Comptroller was dumbfounded. He had no shoes, and wanted to know "who in the devil said he had any!" The freedmen were sold; and the General was the "maddest man" that ever deserted his race for a mess of black pottage.—*Wil. Star.*

TABULAR STATEMENT.

ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Average Republ'can Vote.	Average Conserv. Vote.	For Constitution.	Against Constitution.	Republ. Gain.	Conserv. Gain.
Burke and McDowell,	1,284	430	1,449	1,134	....	539
Polk and Rutherford,	1,422	81	1,759	550	....	132
Mitchell and Yancey,	652	225	....	....	....	....
Buncombe, Madison, Henderson and Transylvania,	2,300	695	maj. 424	....	....	1,181
Jackson and Haywood,	663	537	....	maj. 274	....	297
Cherokee, Clay, and Macon,	699	374	....	....	....	....
Alleghany, Ashe, Surry, Yadkin and Watauga,	1,900	955	....	....	....	....
Alexander, Caldwell, Iredell and Wilkes,	3,088	1,490	....	maj. 156	....	1,754
Rowan and Davie,	1,524	1,121	....	maj 717	....	1,120
Cleaveland,	630	653	693	915	....	199
Catawba,	426	638	399	1,058	....	447
Lincoln,	573	386	maj. 35	....	....	152
Gaston,	735	159	maj. 201	....	....	375
Mecklenburg,	1,473	918	1,705	1,925	....	775
Union,	875	349	maj. 15	....	....	511
Cabarrus,	859	463	....	maj. 234	....	620
Stanly,	417	278	398	649	....	290
Anson,	1,119	653	990	846	....	322
Stokes,	526	114	maj. 312	....	....	100
Forsythe	892	175	1,201	324	160	....
Davidson,	996	238	....	....	....	....
Randolph,	1,177	362	....	....	....	....
Guilford,	1,339	1,116	....	....	....	....
Rockingham,	748	224	1,413	1,141	....	253
Caswell,	1,111	334	....	maj. 23	....	800
Alamance,	789	643	....	maj. 15	....	466
Person,	692	788	906	717	285	....
Orange,	1,117	1,241	....	maj. 550	....	426
Chatham,	1,734	594	....	....	....	....
Wake,	2,961	2,813	3,336	2,380	....	192
Granville,	2,496	854	2,076	1,124	....	650
Warren,	1,983	572	2,227	945	....	129
Franklin,	1,309	799	maj. 196	....	....	523
Cumberland,	1,594	844	1,770	1,233	....	213
Harnett,	729	308	....	maj. 45	....	466
Moore,	632	537	....	....	....	....
Montgomery,	479	267	....	....	....	....
Richmond,	1,244	189	maj. 546	....	....	509
Wayne,	1,301	826	maj. 213	....	....	262
Johnston,	1,083	826	....	....	....	....
Greene,	739	346	801	394	....	186
Wilson,	668	385	923	891	....	251
Nash,	708	455	741	1,048	....	560
Halifax,	2,551	546	....	....	....	....
Northampton,	1,473	654	....	....	....	....
Edgecombe,	1,628	360	....	....	....	....
Lenoir,	1,101	363	....	....	....	....
Brunswick,	697	474	784	785	....	224
Columbus,	468	584	....	maj. 373	....	257
Robeson,	1,568	1,042	....	....	....	....
Bladen,	1,112	575	maj. 299	....	....	238
New Hanover,	2,919	1,091	3,568	2,235	....	495
Duplin,	1,006	967	962	1,489	....	566
Sampson,	928	863	....	maj. 147	....	212
Tyrrell and Washington	774	556	maj. 295	....	77	....
Martin,	787	570	937	929	....	260
Bertie,	1,094	119	1,320	618	....	273
Hertford,	507	515	805	592	221	....
Gates,	440	342	....	maj. 202	....	300
Chowan,	632	472	570	240	170	....
Perquimans,	851	602	....	....	....	....
Pasquotank & Camden,	1,265	578	....	....	....	....
Craven,	3,209	506	3,404	1,469	....	739
Onslow,	224	514	....	maj. 328	....	38
Carteret,	809	650	....	....	....	....
Jones,	530	305	maj. 148	....	....	77
Beaufort,	849	642	....	....	....	....
Pitt,	1,498	1,039	1,782	1,245	148	....
Hyde,	563	429	....	....	....	....
	78,999	39,991				

For the sake of reference and comparison, we adopt the foregoing estimate prepared by the *Standard*, of this City, without having an opportunity to test its entire accuracy. It is based upon the election for delegates to the Convention, in November.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

A HOUSE, with four rooms, from May 1st, 1868. Apply to C. J. IREDELL, at National Bank.
May 4-1t

NOTICE.

Having lost or mislaid my certificate for two shares of stock in the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Company, I shall make application for a renewal of same.
L. C. EDWARDS, per Attorney.
May 4-1tp

THIRTY BBLS. SUGAR—Differe t grades.
May 2-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

FORTY-THEE SACKS COFFEE, from 22½ to 25c.
May 2-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

EIGHT HUNDRED LBS. COOKING SODA.
May 2-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

TWO HUNDRED GALLONS GOLDEN SYRUP. Only $1.00 per gallon.
May 2-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

800 LBS N. C. HAMS—Just received.
May 2-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

16,000 LBS. COTTON For sale by
May 2-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED GALS Spirits Turpentine, for sale by
May 2-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

FOR SALE.

No 1 N. C. Family Roe Herrings, in kegs, warranted the best put up.
W. H. JONES & CO., Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.
May 2-tf

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE!

THE BEST JUDGES OF FABRIC!

The best taste in STYLE! After "shopping" around, always buy of
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, May 2-tf

CALL IN!

YOU WILL SEE WHY

WE LEAD THE RETAIL TRADE of the City and County.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

2,000 YARDS GRENADINE!

A great novelty for Ladies' Dress Goods.
Only 25 cents per yard.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

100 CASES OF SHOES, For Men, Women and Boys, lower than ever, direct from the manufactories.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

43 CASES OF SPRING AND SUMMER HATS, for Men, Women and Children, from 25 cents upwards.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

4,600 YARDS CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, Cloths, Nankinetts, Denimes, and Linen Cottonades, from 25 cents per yard, and upward, for men and boys.
May 2-tf W H & R S TUCKER & CO.

50 BUSHELS STOCK PEAS.
April 29-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

100 SACKS FAMILY FLOUR—Warranted. 20 bbls N. C. Flour
May 1-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

LIFE INSURANCE.

TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. January 31st, 1868.

Balance per statement Jan. 31, 1867,		$13,936,829 94
Deduct accrued Interest last Annual statement,		376,544 60
		13,450,325 34
Income from Premiums	$6,284,695 17	
Income from Interest received and accrued,	1,246,191 72	
	$7,530,886 89	
Deduct, paid Medical Examinations, Salaries Stationery, Printing, Advertising,	$ 121,756 99	
Commissions to Agents,	733,687 26	
Taxes	88,572 85	
Surplus premiums returned to assured	656,916 00	
For surrendered policies,	227,486 23	
Losses,	1,493,567 68	
	3,021,983 94	4,508,896 95
		$17,959,222 29
Increased value of Bonds and Stocks over cost,		189,399 45
Balance 31st January, 1868,		$18,148,621 74

ASSETS.

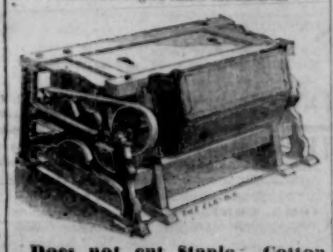
Cash deposited,	$435,231 43
Real Estate at Cost	153,198 46
Loans on Bonds and Mortgage of Real Estate,	
United States Securities at Market value.	5,344,487 25
	2,686,460 00
Bonds of the State of Connecticut,	1,018,000,00
Bonds of the Cities of Evansville and Toledo,	87,000.00
Bank and Railroad Stocks,	82,390.00
Loans on Stocks and Bonds	120,795 00
Premium Notes,	7,612 454.67
Premiums in the hands of Agents and in transit,	267,935.73
Interest accrued,	222,691.50
	$18,148,621.74

W. S. OLMSTED, Secretary.

Interest received more than pays losses.
Dividends average over 50 per cent.
All policies non-forfeitable for a stated amount.
Assurance can be effected in all forms desired.
S. D. WAIT, General Ag't,
April 9-tf Raleigh, N. C.

GULLET COTTON GIN!

Warranted to give entire satisfaction.



Does not cut Staple. Cotton brings from one to one-and-a-half cents more in the pound than that ginned by other gins.
Call and see it at
Apr. 16—tf G T & W C STRONACH'S.

50 BUSHELS OF COTTON SEED—Good for cows.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

1,000 BUSHELS OF CORN. Just received.
W ROB'T ANDREWS.
April 30-tf Fayetteville St.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ITS IMPORTANCE AND ITS BENEFITS ARE INCALCULABLE.

A COMPANY PAYING LOSSES PROMPTLY FOR A LONG SERIES OF YEARS, AND IS A stranger to litigation, is entitled to the confidence and patronage of our people. And such is the

ÆTNA LIFE COMPANY.

In addition to the very large amount of

$17,485,894.71

paid since its organization, may be added the following policies settled in North Carolina to the 1st March, 1868, thus providing support and comfort to the widow and orphan in their bereavement and distress:

Policy No. 15,273—settled	$ 5,000
" " 18,083 "	5,000
" " 18,697 "	900
" " 24,092 "	3,000
" " 27,512 "	10,000
" " 28,650 "	5,000
" " 4,574 "	2,000
" " 25,082 "	10,000
Total	$ 40,900.00

The value of all Insurance, either aged assets or life, is to know you are investing in a Company of responsibility, and prompt action in discharging all just demands against it. Such is the ÆTNA, having now:

ASSETS, $8,000,000.

No. POLICIES 13,000.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

Fifty per cent Dividend is now being returned to all who have paid two premiums, and the Dividends will be given ANNUALLY to all such hereafter, who are insured upon the Life plan.

The Ætna issues policies upon ages from 14 to 65.

The Ætna will give a policy upon which 10 payments may be paid, and nothing more will be required, though the party might live thirty or forty years, and after the payment of ten years he is entitled to the dividends of the Company so long as life continues.

The Ætna issues 10 years Endowment Policies to be paid at death or the specified time.

The Ætna gives a general permit to travel or reside in any part of the United States without any extra charge, and in all respects gives as many advantages to the insured as any other first-class Company.

W. H. McKEE, M. D., Examining Physician. W. H. McKEE, M. D., General Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Mar 26—3m

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES C. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agents desire to call attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 30 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund for paying to the insured.
6. It has paid over $300,000.00 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a safe business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured, which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 12
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 05
EQUITABLE	1 21
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—Recognitions with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, Conn.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY, General Agent for North Carolina, Raleigh, N. C.

Jan. 1—124-3m

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS. LIFE AND ENDOWMENT. DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE.

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE, General Agent for the State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., March 23—1868-3m

Fresh Lobsters and Salmon, Tomat Catsup, Nutmegs, &c.
W. H. JONES & Co.,
April 27-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

A Consignment of Superior Black Writing Ink, very cheap.
W. H. JONES & CO.
April 27-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

ELWELL'S WEEDING HOES, Nos. 2 and 13. For sale low.
J BROWN,
Raleigh, April 24-tf With Hart & Lewis.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN
FOREIGN AND AMERICAN
DRY GOODS,
RALEIGH, N. C.
April 22-tf

Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina.

THE Annual Meeting of the Board of Medical Examiners will take place in Morganton, on the 4th day of May, 1868
By order of the President,
THOMAS F. WOOD, Secretary.
April 17-4tw

Meal.

PRIME WHITE MEAL. 100 BUSHELS. For sale at $1.50 by
April 24-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

NORTHERN APPLES.

Five barrels Apples, (very nice) to-day received by
April 24 DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

1,000 BUSHELS At
April 24-4t DOUGLAS BELL'S.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be ten lines solid nonpareil or fifteen lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	9,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, MAY 4, 1868.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Certificate of stock in Raleigh and Gaston Railroad lost—Notice of application for renewal: L. C. Edwards, *per* Attorney.

House with four rooms to rent from date: C. J. Iredell, at National Bank.

THE REV. HENRY M. MASON, D. D., Rector of the Episcopal Church, at Easton, Maryland, was attacked with apoplexy, while alone in his study, on the 25th. ult., and died within two hours afterwards. He was a brother of the Rev. R. S. Mason, Rector of Christ Church, in this City.

THE MILITARY CHANGES.—Co. I., 6th. Infantry, has been ordered from Charleston to Wilmington, where it will take post, relieving Co. D., 8th. Infantry. Col. Frank, the present Commandant at Wilmington, who has rendered himself so acceptable to the citizens generally, also leaves. The Wilmington papers, without exception, speak in the most eulogistic terms of Col. Frank, and a petition has been set on foot, asking that Col. F. may be retained.

Cos. G. H. and K., 6th. Infantry, are ordered from Charleston to Raleigh, and Col. Bomford, with the Companies of the 8th. Infantry now at this post, are ordered to Charleston. We repeat the sincere regret of our citizens at parting with Col. Bomford. He is a gentleman and a true soldier, and we suggest to the municipal authorities and the community the propriety of a public expression of their appreciation of the fairness and impartiality with which he has administered his duties.

Col. Clitz, who is mentioned as Colonel Bomford's successor, is spoken of in high terms, by those who know him, as a competent and gentlemanly officer.

THE OPERA.—Our citizens will not forget the "Parlor Opera" at Tucker Hall, to-night. Such an entertainment is an entire novelty in this city, but we have fine musical appreciation and taste in Raleigh, and these are destined to be highly gratified.—We take from an *editorial*, in the Richmond *Whig*, the following handsome notice of the performance of these artistes:

"Notwithstanding the absence of the orchestra and of the chorus, without which no operatic performance can be perfect, the opera of "The Barber of Seville" went off Monday evening with great eclat. It drew a large and brilliant audience, among whom there seemed to be unanimity of feeling and opinion. Miss McCulloch, notwithstanding some physical disadvantages, displayed that artistic genius and exquisite vocalization which the critics have accorded to her. A musical friend, whose taste is universally acknowledged in this community, and who has heard most of the world-renowned artistes, pronounces Miss McCulloch's trilling the most exquisite he has ever heard, and predicts that if she live to the age of thirty she will be one of the most eminent (if not the most eminent) of operatic singers in the world. She has both the English and Italian at command, and rendered "The Last Rose of Summer," which is usually and so happily introduced into this opera, in each. The English rendition was in response to an encore. We never heard this beautiful song more exquisitely sung. It electrified the audience.

The veteran Susini was enthusiastically welcomed, and performed his part, as Don Bartolo, with his accustomed skill. Signor Orlandini, as the bustling Barber, acted his part in the most admirable manner.—His voice is excellent, and his powers as an actor are of a very high order. He made an agreeable impression on his first appearance, and preserved it to the last. Signor Bo,e, as Almavina, acquitted himself most creditably, as did Torriana as Basilio.

While we missed those accompaniments that are deemed indispensable to the full opera, and while five persons supplied the place of thirty or forty, the performance was such as to fascinate all who witnessed it!

Miss McCulloch is a Southern lady, of education and accomplishments, and we are assured that her splendid vocalization merits the high admiration which it has every where excited. The male artistes are celebrities.

Books containing the opera, in the original and translation, will be for sale at the Hall

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. It is stated that the Congressional Democratic Executive Committee have unanimously passed a resolution requesting the Democratic National Committee to reconsider their previous action, and issue a call for the Presidential Nominating Convention to meet in New York early in June, instead of on the 4th. of July, as now arranged for. It is said to be probable that a Congressional caucus of all the Democratic members will shortly be called for the purpose of making the same request.

THE ARKANSAS ELECTION FRAUDS.—Col. Tomtelliotte, of General Gillem's staff, has recently been in Little Rock, Arkansas, for the purpose of securing information in reference to the alleged frauds committed at the late elections. The charges made were mainly: That ballot boxes had been stuffed; votes against the Constitution destroyed and changed; lawful voters prohibited from the exercise of the privilege of the franchise, because they were known to be opposed to Radical policy; ballots cast by the same persons, two, three or more times at different precincts; and that voting was done by women in male attire, and also by persons disqualified by age and residence.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

THE TRANS-MONTANE COUNTRY—IT DOES NOBLY!

ASHEVILLE, April 28, 1868.

EDITORS SENTINEL:—Haywood county has given a majority of 3 against the Constitution. Garrett, late of the Convention, is defeated by Mr. Brown, good Conservative.

Jackson gave a majority of 268 against Constitution. Macon a majority of 190 against it. Clay, it is said, has given us over a hundred majority. Cherokee, it is thought, is all right.

Old *Mark May*, was a candidate in the counties mentioned above for the Senate, and is badly beaten by Dr. Love, of Franklin, Macon County.

Our majority in Yancey county is considerably over 200, instead of 175, as heretofore reported.

A. H. Jones, Esq., candidate for Congress, *is perhaps beaten.*

Very Respectfully, &c.

THE PITT COUNTY TRAGEDY.

We have already published one account, taken from the Northern *Journal of Commerce*, of the recent dreadful affair in Pitt. The Tarboro' *Southerner* furnishes the following fuller statement of particulars:

"The facts, so far as we have been able to ascertain them, from all sources, are as follows:

More than two years since, a Federal Lieutenant was killed in Pitt, while forcibly attempting to enter the house of Redick Carney of that County, and since that time many attempts have been made to capture Carney, who was directly charged with the killing, but without success, and for many months the parties said to be implicated have been at large and unmolested.

Just before the recent election, a company of negro soldiers, under the command of Maj. N. Lyman, of the U. S. Army, had been sent from Goldsboro', a portion of whom remained at Greenville and the others were sent to Washington.

Just before day on the morning alluded to above, Maj. L., with fourteen negro soldiers, accompanied by Sheriff Foley and some negro pilots, surrounded the house of Redick Carney and demanded a surrender.

At the time only six grown persons were in the house, consisting of the old man Redick and his wife, his son George, two daughters and a young man named Whitehurst, a son-in-law.

On being refused admittance an entrance was forcibly effected and the party rushed in the house, headed by Maj L., who, attempting to go up the stairs, was fired upon from above and seriously wounded in the arm.

They immediately fell back to the porch when Whitehurst, accompanied by the women, came down and surrendered himself. Soon after another attempt was made to go up, and in so doing a negro soldier fell dead from the deadly aim of those above. Another retreat followed, the party rushing to one end of the porch. Whitehurst, supposing it safest to remain as near as possible to his captors, followed them and was fired upon by several, being wounded in four places, most dangerously.

The house was then set on fire and was soon blazing furiously when George made an attempt to escape from the burning structure. He was confronted by a Sergeant, whom he shot dead, and at the same instant fell a corpse himself pierced by many bullets. He fell back into the flames but was dragged out by the soldiers, much burned and mutilated.

The old man, with a heroism worthy of a better end, obstinately refused to surrender, preferring to die an awful death under the shadow of his own roof.

Fighting and defiant to the last, he met his fate with the bravery of despair and was entirely consumed in the flames of his own dwelling. A few charred bones were all ever found of the heroic old man. He died, as he had lived, an utter stranger to fear or cowardice.

The house and all its contents were entirely consumed, the women saving only the clothes they had on when they escaped. Before it was destroyed it was completely pillaged by the negroes, and everything of value, they could reach, carried off. The treatment of these unprotected and bereaved women, by these soldiers of the U. S., is said to have been brutal in the extreme, one of them throwing an axe at Mrs. Carney, as she endeavored to escape from the scene of the bloody and heart-rending tragedy.

Foley, the Sheriff, was not to be outdone in brutality, and is said to have most grossly insulted Mrs. Whitehurst, acting throughout the whole dreadful affair with the most heartless inhumanity.

The soldiers returned on the "Cotton Plant," to Tarboro', on Monday evening, and immediately took the train for Goldsboro', accompanied by the bodies of the two who had been killed.

Whatever may have been the sins of the Carneys, they could never sanction this needless burning of a private residence in a time of peace, much less does it reflect any credit upon the bravery of *fifteen* armed soldiers, who were compelled to resort to this inhuman means of capturing *three* men, even though as brave and daring as those were known to be.

There was not the slightest necessity of burning the house. It was an act of inhuman warfare, besides being a plain confession of the cowardice of a strong party of armed men, who could not openly capture two men, but must burn them after the fashion of barbarous savages."

HURRY UP.—Hurry up, Mr. Holden, X. P. G., and Future Radical Mongrel Would-be Dictator of North Carolina, with your machine, which is to run us back into the Union. We have been trying for three years to get back *our* way, but now we have got to ride upon *your* infernal back, and as you have more of your own sins (against the Government) than you can conveniently carry, we don't see how it is possible for you to tote double in this game. We know you can carry two faces with an accomplished ease, but *honored* sir, you have more than you can manage now—what with smelling cuffee, a cart-load of carpet-baggers, a bushel of sneaking scallywags, with a few dogs thrown in for good measure, spurred on by the lash of we unconstructed rebels, how in the name of common sense are you going to run your dad ratted machine into the harbor where "peace, prosperity and good will" will greet you? But, seriously, Mr. man, hurry up with your pan cakes, for we are anxious to see your damned machine breaking through the rugged waves that await it. *Roanoke News.*

A RUMOR.—It was rumored on Monday that Major General Schofield has ordered the removal of the memorial window from the St. John's (Episcopal) church, Portsmouth. If such is the case, the next thing our masters will do will be to prevent the raising of monuments to the beloved dead of the South—publicly or privately.—*Norfolk Day Book.*

[We don't credit this rumor for a moment.]

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 3, M.

Stevens informed the Reconstruction Committee, to-day, that he was sick, and no meeting was held.

The offensive speeches in the House, last night, were patiently swallowed. Serious consequences are improbable.

In the Court, Mr. Stanbery proceeded with his argument.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 3, M.

Cotton a shade firmer. 32½@33.

Turpentine declining, 75.

Gold 1,39½.

LIVERPOOL, May 2 P. M.

Cotton easier and a fraction lower. Uplands 12½. Orleans 12¾.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

MR. DAVIS' TRIAL.

RICHMOND, May 2, P. M.

Mr. Davis' bail-bond was renewed to day. The accused is to appear at such day, at the next term, as the Court may hereafter fix.

The Judge said that Chief Justice Chase had told him that he would be in Richmond to preside at the trial, within two days after the impeachment trial has concluded.

The new bond given has Horace Greely, Cornelius Vanderbilt and Gerritt Smith on it, for twenty-five thousand dollars each, and the remaining twenty-five thousand dollars is given by citizens of Richmond.

Gen. Lee and ex-Secretary Seddon were in the city, to attend as witnesses

It is thought that the trial will take place the last of May.

FROM WASHINGTON—IMPEACHMENT AND OTHER MATTERS.

WASHINGTON, May 2, P. M.

The *Star* says that heavy bets were made, on yesterday, and adds that they were 3 to 1 in favor of conviction

Grant is visiting Philadelphia.

Judge Stanbery concluded as follows: Now, listen for a moment to one, who understands Andrew Johnson better than most of you, for his opportunities have been greater. When, nearly two years ago, he called me from the pursuits of my professional life to take a seat in his Cabinet, I answered the call under a sense of public duty. I came here almost a stranger to him and to every member of the Cabinet, except Mr. Stanton.—We had been friends for many years.

Senators, need I tell you, that all my tendencies are conservative. You, Mr. Chief Justice, who have known me for a third of a century, can bear me witness. As law not arms, is my profession, from the moment that I was honored with a seat in the Cabinet of Mr. Johnson, not a step was taken that did not come under my observation. Not a word was said that escaped my attention. I regarded him closely in the Cabinet, and still more in private and confidential conversation. I saw him often tempted with bad advice. I knew that evil counsellors were more than once around him. I observed him with the most intense anxiety, but never, in word or thought or action, did I discover in that man anything but loyalty to the Constitution and the laws. He stood firm as a rock against all temptation to abuse his own powers or to exercise those which were not conferred upon him.—Steadfast, self-reliant in the midst of all difficulties, when dangers threatened, when temptations were strong, he looked only to the Constitution of his country and to the people. Yes, Senators, I have seen that man tried as few have been tried. I have seen his confidence abused. I have seen him endure, day after day privations, such as few men have ever been called upon to meet. No man could have met them with more sublime patience. Sooner or later, however, I knew the explosion must come, and, when it *did* come, my only wonder was that it had been so long delayed. Yes, Senators, with all his faults, the President has been more sinned against than sinning. Fear not, then, to acquit him. The Constitution of the country is as safe in his hands from violence, as it was in the hands of Washington.

But if, Senators, you condemn him; if you strip him of the robes of office; if you degrade him to the utmost stretch of your power, mark the prophesy:

The strong arms of the people will be about him. They will find a way to raise him from any depths to which you may consign him, and we shall live to see him redeemed, and to hear the majestic voice of the people: "Well done thou faithful servant; you shall have your reward." But if, Senators, as I cannot believe, but as has been boldly said, with almost official sanction, your votes have been canvassed, and the doom of the President is sealed, then let that judgment not be pronounced in this Senate Chamber,—just here where our Camillus in the hour of our greatest peril, single handed met and baffled the enemies of the Republic. Not here, where he stood faithful among the faithless! No, her where he fought the good fight for the Union and the Constitution! Not in this Chamber, whose walls echo with that clarion voice, that, in the days of our greatest danger, carried hope and comfort to many a despondent heart, strong as an army with banners! No, not here! Seek out rather, the darkest and gloomiest chamber in the subterranean recesses of the Capitol, where the cheerful light of day never enters. There erect the altar and immolate the victim!"

HOUSE.—Donnelly, of Minnesota, made a personal explanation, to the effect that Washburne, of Illinois, had written a letter to Donnelly's constituents denouncing him. He said the letter contained twenty-four false statements

He proceeded an hour and a half in the most bitter invectives.

The Speaker called him to order a half dozen times, but Washburne said let the party go on, and the House not objecting, he went on.

Washburne replied, reiterating the truth of his letter, and saying that he could make no answer to a man who had been false to his friends, his party, his country, his religion and his God.

Pending a motion to censure Washburne, the House adjourned.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 3, P. M.

Cotton a shade firmer, in fair demand. Sales of 2,800 bales at 32½@33—chiefly 33, but closing with no buyers over 32½.

Gold weak at 1,39½.

BALTIMORE, May 2 P. M.

Cotton firm, 32½@33.

Flour quiet and steady; prices unchanged.

Butler's fame surrounds him with an atmosphere of reproaches wherever he goes. At the theatre in Washington the other night there were loud cries of "Butler!" "Butler!" because some reference had been made to spoons. Yesterday in the Senate, Mr. Nelson declined to hand a document to him unless the Beast could give some assurance that it would be returned. As the assurance was not given, Mr. Nelson said he would place it in the custody of the clerk of the Senate, and thus throw the risk of its safety upon that officer. The gold and silver and other plunder which he amassed during the war must be considered even by Butler himself a poor recompense for the loss of character which he has suffered.

SUGAR! SUGAR!

15,000 lbs Brown Sugars at
Apr 29-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

TUCKER HALL!

MISS S. ISABELL M'CULLOCH.

PARLOR ITALIAN OPERA.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Monday, May 4th, and Tuesday, May 5.

SIG. TORRIANI, for sixteen years musical Director of Max Maretzek's Opera Company, has the honor to announce to the public of Raleigh, and to the South in general, that he has effected an engagement with

MISS S. ISABELL M'CULLOCH,

The young and talented Prima Donna, whose brilliant debut in connection with the renowned La Grange Opera Company has made an era unknown in the musical world, for a brief tour through her native land, where she will appear in the two great roles of ROSINA in the Barber of Seville, and NORINA in Don Pasquale, by the two immortal composers Rossini and Donizetti.

In announcing to the enlightened public of the South the appearance of one of their own daughters as Prima Donna, Sig. TORRIANI begs to state that in order to give greater eclat to these performances, he has obtained the invaluable support of the greatest artistes at present in the country.

MISS S. ISABELL M'CULLOCH.

PARLOR ITALIAN OPERA.

For Two Nights Only.

For Two Nights Only.

MONDAY, May 4th, Rossini's charming opera comique,

THE BARBER OF SEVILLE.

TUESDAY, May 5th, Donizetti's chef d'œuvre,

DON PASQUALE.

Monday, May 4th, will be presented Rossini's immortal opera comique, THE BARBER OF SEVILLE, with the following unapproachable caste:

MISS ISABELL MCCULLOCH as	ROSINA
Sig. GIOVANNI BOVE, as	COUNT ALMAVIVA
Sig. CARLO ORLANDINI, as	FIGARO, THE BARBER
Sig. AGOSTINO SUSINI, as	DON BARTOLO
VISCENZO LOCATELLI as	DON BASILIO
Sig. ANGELO TORRIANI, Musical Director,	

PRICE OF ADMISSION.

Floor of the Hall $1,00
Galleries 75

Reserved seats may be secured at Messrs Williams & Lamboth's Book and Music Store, at the additional charge of 50 cents.

☞ The sale of reserved seats will commence on Saturday, May 2nd, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Doors open at 7½; to commence at 8 o'clock. may 2-3t

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!

GUANO!!

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO!

$92.50 PER TON OF TWO THOUSAND pounds. Five cts. per pound by the bag. For sale by
May 1-4t. DOUGLAS BELL.

For Sale,

N. C. FISH ON CONSIGNMENT

NO. 1 SHAD,
GROSS, CUT AND ROE HERRING,
Put up in best manner, on hand and to arrive.
COWAND & HARRISS,
Commission Merchants,
26 Commerce Street,
April 30-3w Norfolk, Va.

100 BUSHELS SWEET POTATOES.
April 29-4t G T & W C STRONACH.

$50 Reward.

STOLEN FROM ME, near the Granville and Person line, on the night of the 24th April, one BAY MARE, 8 years old, right hind foot white above the ankle, small white star in the forehead; badly crest-fallen. Also a round ring extending on each side of her withers, where she was burnt for a fistula.

I will give $25 reward for the mare, or $50 for the mare and negro. Any information thankfully received. Address me at Oxford, N. C., care of Mr. Jas. Hunt.
April 28-4t AMOS ADCOCK.

FIGS, CURRANTS, CITRON AND RAISINS.
At TONNOFFSKI'S

COOKING SODA.

2,500 lbs Cooking Soda at
Apr 29-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Another Soda Fountain.
Very Cheap for cash
W. H. JONES & Co.,
April 27-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

N. C. Canned Fruit.
Very Superior Peaches and Damsons,
W. H. JONES & Co.,
April 27 Auction & Com. Merchants.

Star's Snuff,

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT PURchasers, by
March 12-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

SOLE LEATHER,

TRUNKS, VALISES,
LEATHER AND MOROCCO
TRAVELING BAGS,
For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 23-tf R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE WAR,

ITS CAUSES, CHARACTER, CONDUCT AND RESULTS.

By HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

A BOOK FOR ALL SECTIONS AND ALL PARTIES.

THIS GREAT WORK PRESENTS THE ONLY complete and impartial analysis of the causes of the War yet published, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens, from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

To a public that has been surfeited with APPARENTLY SIMILAR PRODUCTIONS, we promise a change of fare both agreeable and salutary, and an intellectual treat of the highest order. The Great American War has AT LAST found a historian worthy of its importance, and at whose hands it will receive that moderate, candid and impartial treatment which truth and justice so urgently demand.

The intense desire everywhere manifested to obtain this work, its official character and ready sale, combined with an increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever published.

One Agent in Easton, Pa., reports 73 subscribers in three days.

One in Boston, Mass., 103 subscribers in four days.

One in Memphis, Tenn., 106 subscribers in five days

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work, with Press notices of advance sheets &c. Address

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.
26 South Seventh St., Philadelphia, Pa.
April 29-tf

Rare Chance for Investment.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

AS ADMINISTRATOR of the Estate of Dr. Samuel E. Chapman, dec'd, I will sell at

PUBLIC AUCTION,

in the Town of Graham, Alamance County, N. C. on TUESDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF MAY next, at 12 M, the land belonging to said Estate, about one and a half miles from the Company Shops, containing about

118 ACRES,

with all the improvements, consisting of a new two-story

DWELLING HOUSE,

well finished; one large Kitchen, Smoke House, Barn, &c., &c.

TERMS.—Note at six months with approved security.
A. T. JERKINS.
Bynum, April 22-codtd.

SPECIAL NOTICES

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

An Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with cure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.
Feb 1-149-daw3m.

JUST RECEIVED AT M. ROSENBAUM'S 75 Pieces, the choicest Brands, of
BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS.
To be sold at lowest market rates.
Feb 18-163-tf

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, GREATLY FACILITATES the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years and can say in CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED in a single instance to EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtue. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after years of experience, and PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Price, only 35 cents per Bottle.

OFFICES:
215 Fulton Street, New York,
205 High Holborn, London, England,
441 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Canada.
Aug. 30—20-eod6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE THREE ESSENTIALS OF LIFE ARE

CLOTHING FOOD AND FUEL!

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

CAN SUPPLY THE

CLOTHING!!

WE HAVE MANUFACTURED, THIS SEASON, one of the best and cheapest Stocks that we have had the pleasure of exhibiting to the public since the war.

The prices we are asking for Clothing, beautifully made up, reminds us of old times, sure enough.

Mr. ANDREWS can confidently state to his friends and customers, that no firm in this City can sell the same class of goods as cheap.

His partners in New York are large cash buyers for their Southern houses and are daily in the market picking up bargains.

Those advantages the citizens of Raleigh and strangers have, by buying their Clothing and Furnishing Goods from

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,
Opposite Tucker Hall.
April 23-tf Raleigh, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED.

A beautiful assortment of
HATS FOR MEN,
HATS FOR MEN,
HATS FOR CHILDREN.
At R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.
April 29-tf

COLGATE & CO'S
GERMAN
ERASIVE SOAP,
THE STANDARD OF
EXCELLENCE,
For Sale by all Grocers.
Jan. 22—3m

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,
Belting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*
April 30-tf

OILS, LEAD, &c., &c.

NOW IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF LINseed, Cotton-seed, Kerosene, Lubricating and Train Oils, of the best quality.

ALSO WHITE LEAD,

Colors of all kinds and Varnishes.

A general assortment of HARDWARE.
THOMAS H. BRIGGS.
Jan 29-139-tf

TURNER'S
THE BOULOUREUX
OR
Universal Neuralgia
PILL.

A SAFE, CERTAIN, AND Speedy Cure FOR NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.

Its Effects are Magical.

It is the UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two ON THREE PILLS

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this

WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements,—of many years standing,—affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost always affords the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used with

PERFECT SAFETY

It has long been in constant use by many of MOST DISTINGUISHED PHYSICIANS, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval

Sent by mail on receipt of price and postage.

One package,	$1.00	Postage 6 cents.
Six packages,	5.00	" 27 "
Twelve packages,	9.00	" 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
120 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS.
Jan. 15—120-3m6m4w6m

QUOTATIONS FOR N. C. BANK NOTES!

BUYING RATES AT BANKING HOUSE OF
HENRY G. KELLOGG,
CORNER OF WEST MARKET AND SOUTH ELM STS., IN TATE BUILDING
Greensboro, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	35
" Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Washington	26
" Wilmington	27½
" Roxboro	20
" Thomasville	20
" Graham	22
" Lexington (old)	18
" " (new)	19
" Commerce	15
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	38
" " (new)	42
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Natural Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. R. R. Stock	90

We buy and sell at Board prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.
Oct. 25-93-3m

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY
WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	35c
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Washington	26
" Wilmington	27½
" Roxboro	20
" Thomasville	20
" Graham	22
" Lexington (old)	18
" " (new)	19
" Commerce	15
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	38
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Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
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Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.
Oct. 25-93-3m

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF SOUTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 20)	G. B. 55
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	18
" Roxborough	61
" Wadesborough	26
" Thomasville	20
" Wilmington	27½
" Commerce	17
" Washington	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	3
" Williamston	27½
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	27
" " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40

Jan 16-135-tf

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, HOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@22½
" BALT. & WESTERN	16@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@11c
" NETT	10@13
BUTTER	30@50
COTTON	23@25
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	20@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	23@30
EGGS	17@20
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 50@1 75
HERRINGS	4@5@10
HIDES—Green	8c per lb.
" Dry	12@15
HAY	1@1 25 per cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 40@1 50
MOLASSES	65@75
NAILS	7@10
OATS—Rough	1 25@1 50
" White	2 50@2 70
POTATOES—Irish	1 50@2 00
" Sweet	1 00@1 25
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	37½@75
MULLETS	18 50@20 00

REMARKS.

Cotton active and higher, prices from 1 to 2 cents better. We quote sales to-day (Monday) at 24 and 25.

Butter scarce and in demand at good prices.

MISCELLANEOUS

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

300 Sacks,
100 Bbls. N. C. Family, low for cash.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
April 27-tf Com. Merchants.

CORN! CORN!

5,000 Bushels
Apr 29-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco,
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

H. W. FULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. B. GULICK, Cashier.
C. J. TREDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT MARCH 21, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old)	18
" " (new)	19
" Lexington, payable at Graham	22
" North Carolina	35
" Roxboro'	20
" Thomasville	20
" Wadesboro'	26
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
" Wilmington	27½
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	27
" " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40
Georgia	25
South Carolina	15
Gold	139
Silver	130
Old Coupons	97½
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	97½
Old Sixes	90
Exchange on New York	¼

DRY DOCK.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, 10,000 yards of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must and shall be sold within the next sixty days, if prices can do it. If you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a rule for 25 feet, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be seen in actual daily, by hundreds.

If you want Canton Flannels, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, call

At Low Prices.

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children wear.

LOOK! It is the place to look for cheap goods.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville street and down the other, you may go across streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase

LADIES, MISSES' or CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you step at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on B. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,
April 8 Fayetteville Street.

GRAND OPENING!

FOR

SPRING OF 1868!!

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

HAVING NEWLY REFITTED MY OLD Stand, No. 16 Fayetteville Street, I am now daily receiving a splendid supply of the (in part) below enumerated GOODS. I am now prepared to offer to my customers, and the public in general, a full stock of

DRY GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, &c.
SPRING SHAWLS,
SILK WRAPPINGS,
SILKS, &c.
HATS,
RIBBONS,
ARTIF

DAILY SENTINEL.

MONDAY, MAY 4, 1868.

THE ABSURDITY OF IT.

It is all very well for the poets to tell,
By way of their songs adorning,
Of nightingale who rouse, to manipulate mows,
At Five o'clock in the morning;
And of mossy young mowers who bundle out
Before break of day, to make love and hay,
At Five o'clock in the morning!

But, bate one ass and cow, it is all untrue—
Believes not a word they utter;
To no milkmaid alive does the finger of Five
Bring beaux—or even bring butter.
The poor sleepy cows, if told to accuse,
Would do so, perhaps, in a horn-ing;
But the sweet country girls, would they show their curls
At Five o'clock in the morning?

It may not be wrong for the man in the song—
Or the more—if anxious to settle,
To kneel in wet grass, and pop, but, alas!
What if he popped down on a nettle!
For how could he see what was under his knee,
If, in spite of my friendly warning,
He went out of bed and his house and his head
At Five o'clock in the morning?

It is all very well such stories to tell,
But if I were a maid all forlorn-ing,
And a lover should drop in the clover to pop,
At Five o'clock in the morning:
If I liked him you see, I'd say "Please call at "Three;"
If not, I'd turn on him with scorning:
"Don't come here, you fool, with conundrums like that,
At Five o'clock in the morning!"

HEEDLESSNESS.

BY TOM HOOD.

Alas! I have walked through life
Too heedless where I trod;
Nay, helping to trample my fellow-worm,
And all the burial sod:
Forgetting that even the sparrow falls
Not unmarked of God.

The wounds I might have healed!
The human sorrow and smart!
And yet it never was in my soul
To play so ill a part;
But evil is wrought by want of thought
As well as want of heart!

THE ARCTIC REGIONS.—Hearing of a lecture that was to be delivered on Alaska and the northern regions, we dispatched our reporter, in order to give the public the benefit of the lecturer's wisdom. We regret that we have only room for a brief report:

The lecturer commenced by remarking that although the regions near the pole were hard for travellers, yet it is an ice location.

The north pole has never been seen. It is not certain whether the bears climb it.

Those who go there are protected from the cold, although they go in bear skins.

No negroes there—all white bear skins.

Dr. Hayes, the Yankee, went there in search of a notion.

You can see a haze when the northern lights are visible.

There is no corn raised in the northern region, yet when the Esquimaux have breakfast it is an Indian meal.

The principal amusement is old sledge—though they sometimes have a new one.

The annexation of Alaska to the United States will not probably increase the pole tax.

When the prodigal son went into a far country, he probably stopped in Alaska.

The people there don't care for the turn of spring. When the river begins to run they say it's snow matter.

The territory is well defended against cavalry. There is a shiver de freeze all around it.

It is a good place for orators. Even the whales spout.

Horses are not very numerous, though there are some fine bays on the coast.

Education is very general. The whales go in schools.

The hunters do not always stop to read their letters when they open their seals.

At this point (the point referred to is the punctuation point at the end of the preceding paragraph) our reporter took his leave; to speak more exactly, he took several of his leaves, containing his notes of the lecture.—*Exchange.*

If the man who has read all the impeachment speeches through is still in the city he is requested to send his address to *Mr. P. T. Barnum*, with a statement of the terms upon which he will be willing to exhibit himself as a natural curiosity.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The managers ought to file their speeches. That is the only way they can give them point.—*Boston Post.*

The city hearse in Hallowell, Maine, is in such bad order that the Gazette calls for its immediate repair, as the editor says he would be afraid to ride in it in its present condition.

About six thousand persons, of both sexes, are employed in cleaning the streets of Paris. The daily wages of the men average about fifty cents, and those of the women forty cents.

The "Cynocephalus," a baboon of wonderful performing abilities, and which has been the chief attraction of a circus in New York for some time, died on Saturday morning.

Says the Cincinnati *Chronicle*: "The enemies of Grant assail his morals in such a way as to prevent authorative denial." A frank confession that!

The deficit in Forney's accounts accumulated when Forney was in Europe, clothed in Parisian purple and fine linen, faring sumptuously every day.

John Bright says that if he came to the United States the excitement would be his death, and Beresford Hope hopes that that consideration may not deter him.

Chicago has invested $2,000,000 in street railroads.

A. T. Stewart retails $800,000 worth of gloves yearly.

The Roman Catholic Clergy have officially declared against round dances.

Thirty thousand letters are distributed weekly at the Salt Lake post-office.

Beecher's income last year was $38,248.

The St. Louis artesian well has reached a depth of 2,000 feet.

Sixty-seven thousand scholars daily attend the New York city schools.

The Kansas Legislature has sworn in five ladies as enrolling clerks.

Keeping a billiard saloon is a penal offence by the laws of Ohio. Where did they get the cue for that law?

The last Revolutionary soldier has died again. This time in Ohio. Name, John Gray. Remained, etc., etc., to the last.

BANK OF CAPE FEAR,

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 17, 1868.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, will be held in this City on Thursday, the 7th May next, at 10 o'clock.

J. G. BURR,
April 27—4d Cashier.

PEACHES.

Another lot of those fine Peaches, in 2 lb. cans, just received

Mar 23—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents.

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents

Of a qualification of a justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1.00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 2 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00

For any other purpose, 50 cents.

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000, $1.00.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1.00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)

Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1 000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 16 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance Life when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1.00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $300, or actional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a conveyance.

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $200, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Pawner's Checks 5 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.

Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1.00

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such paper, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a *full list* of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

MAINE.	Term Expires		Term Expires
Lot M Morrill, r	'69	F A Hendricks, d	'69
Wm P Fessenden, r	'73	Oliver Morton, r	'73
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		ILLINOIS.	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'71	Richard Yates, r	'69
Jas W Patterson, r	'73	Lyman Trumbull, r	'73
VERMONT.		MICHIGAN.	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'71	Zach Chandler, r	'69
Justus S Morrill, r	'73	Jacob M Howard, r	'71
MASSACHUSETTS.		WISCONSIN.	
Charles Sumner, r	'69	I R Doolittle, d	'69
Henry Wilson, r	'73	Timothy O Howe, r	'75
RHODE ISLAND.		MINNESOTA.	
William Sprague, r	'69	Alex Ramsey r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'73	Daniel S Norton d	'71
CONNECTICUT.		IOWA.	
James Dixon d	'69	James W Grimes, r	'71
Orris S Ferry, r	'75	James Harlan, r	'73
NEW YORK.		MISSOURI.	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69	John B Henderson, r	'69
Roscoe Conkling, r	'75	Charles D Drake, r	'73
NEW JERSEY.		KANSAS.	
F T Frelinghuysen, r	'69	Edmund G Ross, r	'71
Alex G Cattell, r	'71	Samuel C Pomeroy, r	'73
PENNSYLVANIA.		NEBRASKA.	
C R Buckalew, d	'69	Thos W Tipton, r	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'75	John M Thayer, r	'71
DELAWARE.		NEVADA.	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69	Wm M Stewart, r	'69
Wm Saulsbury, d	'75	James W Nye, r	'71
MARYLAND.		CALIFORNIA.	
Reverdy Johnson, d	'69	John Conness r	'69
—— Hamilton, d	——	Cornelius Cole, r	'71
WEST VIRGINIA.		OREGON.	
P G Van Winkle, r	'69	Geo H Williams, r	'71
Waitman T Willey,	'71	Henry Corbett, r	'73
KENTUCKY.		COLORADO.	
—— Mc Creery, d	——	John Evans, r	
Garrett Davis, d	'73	Jerome B Chaffe, r	——
TENNESSEE.		*Not admitted.	
D T Patterson, d	'69		
Joseph S Fowler, r	'71		
OHIO.			
Benjamin F Wade, r	'69		
John Sherman, r	'73		

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans 45. Democrats and Conservatives, 19.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

MAINE.			
John Lynch, r		Horace Maynard, r	
Sidney Perham, r		William B Stokes, r	
James G Blaine, r		James Mullins, r	
John A Peters, r		John Trimble, r	
Frederick A Pike, r		Samuel M Arnell, r	
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		Isaac R Hawkins, r	
Jacob H Ela, r		David A Nunn, r	
Aaron F Stevens, r		OHIO.	
Jacob Benton, r		Benjamin Eggleston, r	
VERMONT.		Samuel F Carey r	
F E Woodridge, r		Robt C Schenck, r	
Luke P Poland, r		Wm Lawrence, r	
W C Smith, r		Wm Mungen, d	
MASSACHUSETTS.		Reader W Clarke, r	
Thomas D Elliott, r		Samuel Shellabarger, r	
Oakes Ames, r		C S Hamilton, r	
Ginery Twichell, r		Ralph P Buckland, r	
Samuel Hooper r		James M Ashley, r	
Benjamin F Butler, r		John T Wilcox, r	
Nathaniel P Banks, r		Pallad Van Dyne, d	
George S Boutwell, r		George W Morgan, d	
John D Baldwin, r		Martin Welker, r	
Wm B Washburn, r		Tobias A Plants, r	
Henry L Dawes, r		John A Bingham, r	
RHODE ISLAND.		Ephraim R Eckley, r	
Thomas Jenckes, r		Rufus P Spaulding, r	
Nathan F Dixon r		James A Garfield, r	
CONNECTICUT.		INDIANA.	
Richard D Hubbard, d		Wm E Niblack d	
Julius Hotchkiss d		Michael C Kerr, d	
H H Starkweather, r		Morton C Hunter, r	
William H Barnum, d		Wm S Holman d	
NEW YORK.		George W Julian, r	
Stephen Tabor, d		John Coburn, r	
Demas Barnes, d		H D Washburn r	
Wm E Robinson, d		Goodlove S Orth, r	
John Fox, d		Schuyler Colfax, r	
John Morrisey, d		John P C Shanks, r	
Thomas E Stewart, d		ILLINOIS	
John W Chandler, d		At large—J A Logan, r	
Jas Brooks, d		Norman B Judd, r	
Fernando Wood, d		John F Farnsworth, r	
Wm H Robertson, r		Elihu B Washburne, r	
Thomas H Van Wyck, r		Abner C Harding, r	
John H Ketchums, r		Eben C Ingersoll, r	
Thomas Cornell, r		Burton C Cook, r	
John V L Pruyn, d		H P Bromwell, r	
Job A Griswold, r		Shelby M Cullom r	
Orange Ferris, r		Lewis W Ross d	
Calvin T Hulburd, r		Albert G Burr, d	
James M Mervin, r		Samuel S Marshall, d	
Wm C Fields, r		John Baker, r	
Addison H Laflin, r		Green B Raum, r	
Alex H Bailey, r		MICHIGAN.	
John C Churchill, r		Fer C Beaman, r	
Denis McCarthy, r		Chas Upson, r	
Theo M Pomeroy, r		Austin Blair r	
Wm H Kelsey, r		Thos W Ferry, r	
Wm S Lincoln, r		B E Prowbridge, r	
Hamilton Ward, r		Jno F Driggs, r	
Lewis Seive, r		WISCONSIN.	
Burt Van Horn, r		Halbert E Paine, r	
James M Murphy, d		Ben F Hopkins, r	
Henry Van Aernam, r		Amasa Cobb, r	
NEW JERSEY.		Chas A Eldridge, d	
Wm Moore, r		Philetus Sawyer, r	
Chas Haight, d		C C Washburne r	
Chas Stillgreaves, d		MINNESOTA.	
John Hill, r		Wm Windom, r	
Geo A Halsey, r		Ignatius Donnelly, r	
PENNSYLVANIA.		IOWA.	
Samuel J Randall, d		James F Wilson, r	
Chas O'Neill, r		Hiram Price r	
Leonard Myers, r		Wm B Allison r	
Wm D Kelley, r		Wm Loughbridge, r	
Caleb N Taylor r		George M Dodge, r	
Ben M Boyer, d		Asahel W Hubbard, r	
Jno M Bromell, r		MISSOURI.	
Jno L Getz, d		Wm A Pile, r	
Thaddeus Stevens, r		Chas A Newcomb, r	
Henry L Cake, r		Jas B McCormick, d	
David M Van Auken, d		Jos J Gravely, r	
Geo W Woodward, d		Jos W McClurg r	
Ulysses Mercer, r		Robt T Van Horn, r	
George F Miller, r		Ben F Loan, r	
A J Glossbrenner, d		John R Benjamin r	
Wm H Koontz, r		George W Anderson, r	
Daniel J Morrell, r		NEBRASKA	
Samuel F Wilson, r		John Trade, r	
Glenni W Scofield, r		NEVADA.	
Darwin A Finney, r		Delos M Ashley, r	
John Covode, r		CALIFORNIA.	
Jas K Moorehead r		Samuel B Axtell, d	
Thomas Williams, r		Williams Higby, r	
Geo V Lawrence r		James A Johnson, d	
DELAWARE.		OREGON.	
John A Nicholson, d		Rufus Mallory, r	
MARYLAND		*COLORADO.	
Hiram McCullock, d		George M Chilcott, r	
Stevenson Archer, d		DELEGATES.	
Chas E Phelps, d		ARIZONA.	
Francis Thomas, r		Coles Bashford, r	
Frederick Stone, r		DAKOTA.	
WEST VIRGINIA.		Walter A Burleigh, r	
Chester D Hubbard, r		IDAHO.	
Bethuel M Kitchen, r		E D Holbrook, d	
Daniel Polsley, r		MONTANA.	
KENTUCKY.		Jas M Cavanaugh, d	
L S Trimble, d		NEW MEXICO.	
John Y Brown, d		C P Clever, d (contested)	
John S Golladay, d		UTAH.	
J Proctor Knott, d		Wm D Hooper, d	
Asa P Grover, d		WASHINGTON.	
Thomas L Jones, d		Alvin Flanders, r	
James B Beck, d		WYOMING.	
George M Adams, d		James S Casement, r	
John D Young, d		RECAPITULATION.	
KANSAS.		(Without Delegates from Territories):	
Sidney Clarke, r		Republicans 145. Democrats and Conservatives, 49.	
TENNESSEE.			
Roderick R Butler, r		*Not admitted	

NUMBER OF POUNDS TO A BUSHEL.

Of Wheat	60 Pounds.
Of Shelled Corn	56 do
Of Corn on the Cob	70 do
Of Rye	56 do
Of Oats	32 do
Of Barley	49 do
Of Potatoes	60 do
Of Bran	20 do
Of Clover Seed	60 do
Of Timothy Seed	45 do
Of Flax Seed	45 do
Of Hemp Seed	44 do
Of Buckwheat	52 do
Of Blue Grass	14 do
Of Castor Bean	46 do
Of Dried Peaches	33 do
Of Dried Apples	24 do
Of Onions	57 do
Of Salt	50 do

1868. SPRING TRADE. 1868.

FRESH ARRIVAL—BUGGY MATERIAL.

Hickory Rims, Spokes, Finished Shafts, Hubs, Long Arm 1 inch patent Axles, Plated Hub and Sand Bands, Silver head, Japanese and Ivory Lining Nails, Band Nails, Curtain Knobs, Carriage and Tire Bolts, Axle Clips and Felloe Plates, Enamelled Muslin, Drilling and Canvass, Dash Leather and Mole-skin, Oil cloth Carpeting, Japanese and Plated Buckles, Curtain Frames and Whip Sockets, Wood Turrups, Buggy Springs, assorted.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, April 4-tf With Hart & Lewis.

ANOTHER LOT OF CANNED PEACHES.

Just received by

April 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Courts Of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Anson County—On the second Monday in January, April, July and October.

Ashe—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Alexander—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Alamance—Third Monday after the 4th Monday of February, May, August and November

Alleghany—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October.

Beaufort—Third Monday in March and September, and the first Monday in June and December.

Bertie—Second Monday in February, May, August and November.

Bladen—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Brunswick—First Monday in March, June, September and December.

Buncombe—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Burke—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Cabarrus—Third Monday in January, April, July and October

Caldwell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Camden—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Carteret—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Caswell—First Monday after the 4th Monday of March, June, September and December

Catawba—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Chatham—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Chowan—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Cleveland—First Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Columbus—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Craven—Second Monday in March June, September and December

Cumberland—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Currituck—Last Monday in February, May, August and November

Cherokee—Second Monday in April, July, September and December

Clay—First Monday in April, July, September and December

Davidson—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Davie—Fourth Monday in Febry, May, August and November

Edgecombe—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Franklin—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Forsythe—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Gates—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Granville—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Greene—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Guilford—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Gaston—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Halifax—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Harnett—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Haywood—First Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Hertford—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Hyde—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Henderson—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Iredell—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Johnston—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Jones—Fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September, and on the last Monday in January and July

Jackson—Fourth Monday in April, July, September and December

Lenoir—First Monday in January and July, and third Monday in March and September

Lincoln—Third Monday in February May, August and November

Martin—Second Monday in January, April, July and October

McDowell—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Mecklenburg—Second Monday in January April, July and October

Montgomery—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Moore—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Macon—Third Monday in April, July, September and December

Madison—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Mitchell—Fourth Monday in March, June, September and December

Nash—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

New Hanover—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Northampton—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Onslow—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Orange—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Pasquotank———Monday in March, June, September and December

Perquimans—Second Monday in February, May, August and December

Person—Third Monday in March June, September and December

Pitt—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Polk—Second Monday after the fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Randolph—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Richmond—Third Monday in January, April, July and October

Rowan—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Robeson—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Rockingham—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Rutherford—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Sampson—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Stokes—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Surry—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Stanly—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Tyrrell—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Transylvania—Second Monday after the fourth Monday in April, July, September and December

Union—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Wake—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Warren—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Washington—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Watauga—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Wayne—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Wilkes—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Wilson—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Yadkin—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Yancy—Fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in April, July, September and December

Superior Courts

FIRST CIRCUIT.

Tyrrell—First Monday in March and September
Washington—Second Monday in March and September
Bertie—Third Monday in March and September
Hertford—Fourth Monday in March and November
Gates—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Chowan—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Perquimans—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Pasquotank—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Camden—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Currituck—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

SECOND CIRCUIT.

Duplin—Fourth Monday in March and September
Wayne—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Green—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Lenoir—Third Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Craven—Fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Jones—Wednesday next after 4th Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Onslow—Sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Carteret—Seventh Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Beaufort—Eighth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Hyde—Ninth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Wilson—Tenth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

THIRD CIRCUIT.

Martin—On the Monday before the first Monday in March and September.
Pitt—First Monday in March and September
Edgecombe—Second Monday in March and September
Nash—Third Monday in March and September
Johnston—Fourth Monday in March and September
Wake—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Franklin—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Warren—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Halifax—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Northampton—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

FOURTH CIRCUIT.

Granville—First Monday in March and September
Orange—Second Monday in March and September
Chatham—Third Monday in March and September
Randolph—Fourth Monday in March and September
Davidson—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Forsythe—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Stokes—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Guilford—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Rockingham—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Caswell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Person—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Alamance—Eighth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

Harnett—Monday preceding the Monday next before the last Monday in February and August
Moore—Monday before the last in February and August
Montgomery—Last Monday in February and August
Stanly—First Monday in March and September
Anson—Second Monday in March and Sep.
Richmond—Third Monday in March and Sep
Robeson—Fourth Monday in March and Sep
Bladen—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Columbus—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Brunswick—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
New Hanover—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Sampson—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Cumberland—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

SIXTH CIRCUIT

Davie—Fourth Monday in February and August
Yadkin—First Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Surry—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Alleghany—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Ashe—Fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in February and August
Wilkes—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Alexander—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August.
Iredell—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August.
Union—Eighth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Mecklenburg—Ninth and Tenth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August.
Cabarrus—Eleventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Rowan—Twelfth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

Catawba—Second Monday in February and Aug
Lincoln—Third Monday in February and Aug
Gaston—Fourth Monday in February and Aug
Cleveland—First Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Polk—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Rutherford—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
McDowell—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Burke—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August.
Caldwell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Watauga—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

Clay—First Monday in April and September
Cherokee—Second Monday in April and Sep
Macon—Third Monday in April and September
Jackson—Fourth Monday in April and September

Haywood—First Monday after the fourth Monday in April and September
Transylvania—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in April and September
Henderson—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in April and September
Madison—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in April and September
Yancey—Fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in April and September
Mitchell—Sixth Monday after the fourth in April and September
Buncombe—Seventh Monday after the 4th in April and September, continued two weeks.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND" WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Dixie Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Plated Cocks,	Marvel Range,
Iron, Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs	Spence Range,
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Iron and Chinck Basins,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Hydrants,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
Pumps,	All the different styles of Grates,
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Water Wheels,	
Garden Hose,	
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Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-20-1y

CORN.

1,000 bushels on hand and to arrive.

Mar 26—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

BACON.

100 Choice Va. and N. C. Hams.
50 " " Shoulders.
Just to hand,

Mar 26—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

HAY.

50 bales Hay.

Mar 26—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

1868. 1868.

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FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

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Finally